Date:
Dear Principal:
This letter is to inform you that has a disease called pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) (sometimes called pulmonary hypertension (PH). PAH is a rare disorder characterized by high blood pressure in the lungs. Children with PAH will have varying degrees of symptoms, including:
 Fatigue, dizziness, fainting Exercise intolerance or shortness of breath during activity Nausea, loss of appetite Fluid retention, swelling in the face, ankles, and hands
The school should call 911 for immediate medical services should any of the following symptoms be observed and continue to worsen:
 Severe chest pain Fainting Difficulty breathing Shortness of breath, accompanied by bluish-purple or very pale lips
 The school should contact the parent(s) or other emergency contact if: The child has unusual bluish-purple discoloration of lips/nailbeds The child is feeling dizzy or has a headache Other
There is no cure for PAH. However, there are several effective medications used to treat the disease that may be taken orally, inhaled, or by constant subcutaneous or intravenous infusion. Children may also need oxygen therapy during the day or at night when they are sleeping.
Regular attendance at school may be interrupted because of fatigue, illness, medical appointments, or hospitalizations. Cold and flu season is a time of significant risk for children with PAH and may result in critical illness. Therefore, students with PAH may benefit from an Individual Education Plan (IEP) to ensure their success at school.
It is important that all staff in the school community be educated about the medical condition of Included with this letter is a resource package to provide more specific information about pulmonary arterial hypertension and how best to support children with PAH in the school environment.
Thank you for your support.
Sincerely,

This resource was developed by the Pediatric Committee of PHA Canada. Some of the information has been adapted, with permission, from materials created by PHA USA